



1  
00:00:04,056 --> 00:00:04,926  
>> We heard earlier in the hour

2  
00:00:04,926 --> 00:00:07,966  
from public affairs officer  
Lanette Madison talking

3  
00:00:07,966 --> 00:00:12,596  
with Mallery Jennings the  
seaport human testing lead

4  
00:00:12,596 --> 00:00:17,986  
for some tests that are going  
on with some new equipment here

5  
00:00:17,986 --> 00:00:19,806  
at Johnson Space Center in one

6  
00:00:19,806 --> 00:00:21,516  
of our vacuum chambers  
in building 32.

7  
00:00:21,516 --> 00:00:24,646  
We're going to go now back to  
Lanette Madison who is going

8  
00:00:24,646 --> 00:00:26,846  
to be this time talking  
with Joel Maganza

9  
00:00:26,846 --> 00:00:27,966  
who is the test director

10  
00:00:27,966 --> 00:00:31,006  
for this unman test  
that's going on now.

11  
00:00:31,166 --> 00:00:31,556  
Lanette.

12

00:00:34,416 --> 00:00:35,316  
>> Thank you, Brandy.

13

00:00:35,436 --> 00:00:39,396  
We are back here in building  
32 in the control chamber

14

00:00:39,786 --> 00:00:42,966  
in the control room for  
chamber B and I have here

15

00:00:42,966 --> 00:00:47,296  
with me Joel Maganza who is the  
testing director for this test

16

00:00:47,296 --> 00:00:49,666  
and Joel while we were off  
camera Joel actually told me a

17

00:00:49,666 --> 00:00:51,756  
couple of interesting  
things and I wanted him

18

00:00:51,756 --> 00:00:53,406  
to share this with our audience.

19

00:00:53,716 --> 00:00:55,326  
So, Joel, tell me a  
little bit about chamber A?

20

00:00:55,386 --> 00:00:59,096  
>> Well first of all chamber A  
is the world's largest thermal

21

00:00:59,096 --> 00:00:59,806  
vacuum chamber.

22

00:00:59,876 --> 00:01:05,336

We have it here at NASA we have used it back in the Apollo days

23

00:01:05,386 --> 00:01:08,656

but it hasn't been used often in recent years.

24

00:01:09,096 --> 00:01:12,296

What we're doing right now is doing a lot of upgrades to it,

25

00:01:12,636 --> 00:01:15,786

to our LM2 system and our pressers systems on it

26

00:01:15,786 --> 00:01:17,276

and we're trying to get that ready

27

00:01:17,276 --> 00:01:21,436

to test the James Webb space telescope in 2015 and 16.

28

00:01:21,866 --> 00:01:23,796

>> That's pretty exciting to have that kind

29

00:01:23,796 --> 00:01:26,266

of new opportunity here at the Johnson Space Center.

30

00:01:26,266 --> 00:01:27,636

>> It is really great to have something like that.

31

00:01:27,636 --> 00:01:32,536

Something like the Hubble will advance a lot we know

32

00:01:32,536 --> 00:01:35,316

about space and take it either  
even further then we already

33

00:01:35,316 --> 00:01:35,726  
have it right now.

34

00:01:36,186 --> 00:01:38,466  
>> So tell me about  
chamber B you said --

35

00:01:38,466 --> 00:01:41,816  
I asked you if there was  
something about chamber B other

36

00:01:41,816 --> 00:01:43,656  
than it's a thermal vac chamber

37

00:01:44,346 --> 00:01:48,406  
and you told me two things  
one is that it is the only?

38

00:01:49,026 --> 00:01:52,336  
>> It is the only human  
rated thermal vacuum chamber

39

00:01:52,336 --> 00:01:52,946  
in the world.

40

00:01:53,636 --> 00:01:56,406  
We have other vacuum chambers  
here at NASA and other parts

41

00:01:56,406 --> 00:02:00,086  
of the world where a person  
can be in a space suit

42

00:02:00,086 --> 00:02:02,566  
or in some kind of suit and  
be in a vacuum environment

43

00:02:02,566 --> 00:02:04,676

but this is the only one  
that can simulate the thermal

44

00:02:04,676 --> 00:02:05,976

and vacuum properties of space.

45

00:02:06,696 --> 00:02:08,466

And the other thing was  
you told me something

46

00:02:08,466 --> 00:02:12,166

about your very first  
testing run here and when was

47

00:02:12,166 --> 00:02:13,146

that and what happened.

48

00:02:13,146 --> 00:02:17,526

>> Yes. Back when hurricane Ike  
hit Houston the railroad museum

49

00:02:17,526 --> 00:02:21,046

in Galveston, Texas was actually  
badly flooded they have a lot

50

00:02:21,046 --> 00:02:25,916

of documents and records from  
the early 1800s that came to us

51

00:02:25,916 --> 00:02:28,026

to ask if there was  
anything we could do to help

52

00:02:28,406 --> 00:02:31,756

and there is actually a  
process using the vacuum chamber

53

00:02:32,006 --> 00:02:34,416

that we were able to dry out  
a lot of their old documents

54

00:02:34,866 --> 00:02:38,226

and still preserve  
the paper as usually

55

00:02:38,226 --> 00:02:40,336

when paper gets wet  
it's pretty ruined

56

00:02:40,626 --> 00:02:42,426

but using the vacuum  
process we were able

57

00:02:42,426 --> 00:02:44,106

to help salvage a lot  
of their documents.

58

00:02:44,426 --> 00:02:45,186

>> That's incredible.

59

00:02:45,186 --> 00:02:47,216

I had never heard  
that while I was here

60

00:02:47,216 --> 00:02:48,586

so that's pretty interesting.

61

00:02:48,926 --> 00:02:50,506

So tell me about  
today's testing.

62

00:02:50,646 --> 00:02:55,056

We've learned that we're testing  
a suit port but tell me about --

63

00:02:55,056 --> 00:02:57,716

I saw over here on one of  
the computer screens all

64

00:02:58,236 --> 00:03:02,726  
of these diagrams, and  
their words on there

65

00:03:02,726 --> 00:03:04,866  
like strain gauges so tell  
me what is a strain gauge

66

00:03:04,866 --> 00:03:05,636  
and what you're testing.

67

00:03:05,846 --> 00:03:07,866  
>> Well any time we  
test what you see

68

00:03:07,866 --> 00:03:10,766  
in the chamber what you  
see visually is just part

69

00:03:10,766 --> 00:03:11,156  
of the picture.

70

00:03:11,156 --> 00:03:15,246  
There's a whole underlying  
iceberg there of all the gauges

71

00:03:15,616 --> 00:03:17,806  
and data that we're  
going to be taking.

72

00:03:18,216 --> 00:03:22,396  
For this test we're measuring  
different pressure differentials

73

00:03:22,756 --> 00:03:25,456  
across the suit port  
and the blinding plate.

74

00:03:25,776 --> 00:03:29,306

We're also measuring the strain gauges which kind

75

00:03:29,466 --> 00:03:32,496

of tell us how much force is acting on different parts

76

00:03:32,566 --> 00:03:35,536

of the blank plate and what's that going to do is help us

77

00:03:35,536 --> 00:03:37,196

when we put a suit in there to let us know what kind

78

00:03:37,196 --> 00:03:39,676

of forces are going to be interacting on the frame

79

00:03:39,676 --> 00:03:41,756

around that suit and how it's going to --

80

00:03:42,756 --> 00:03:44,416

how the delta pressure will take effect.

81

00:03:45,116 --> 00:03:46,936

>> So what is the delta pressure

82

00:03:46,936 --> 00:03:50,056

and what is the pressure variance in that chamber?

83

00:03:50,346 --> 00:03:52,636

>> The delta pressure for this test will be --

84

00:03:53,406 --> 00:03:56,156

well what the delta pressure is, it's a differential pressure

85

00:03:56,156 --> 00:03:59,766  
between two different things.

86

00:04:00,386 --> 00:04:03,236  
So right now we are at 14.7 PSIA

87

00:04:03,376 --> 00:04:05,246  
which is the atmospheric  
pressure of earth

88

00:04:05,596 --> 00:04:09,686  
and this chamber we are going  
to pump down to about 6.4 PSIA,

89

00:04:09,686 --> 00:04:12,056  
so we'll have a difference  
in pressure

90

00:04:12,056 --> 00:04:15,716  
of 8.3 pounds per square  
inch during this test.

91

00:04:16,076 --> 00:04:18,316  
And what that will do is  
simulate the difference

92

00:04:18,316 --> 00:04:21,446  
in pressure when an astronaut  
or crew member would go

93

00:04:21,446 --> 00:04:24,426  
out in this suit to what they  
would be to their environment.

94

00:04:24,796 --> 00:04:28,126  
Some day eventually we will  
pump this down to vacuum

95

00:04:28,426 --> 00:04:31,196  
and have the suit pressurize  
at 8.3 much like we do

96

00:04:31,196 --> 00:04:33,186  
with our training for  
astronauts in the EMU now.

97

00:04:33,376 --> 00:04:35,866  
>> And will you do that with  
the man test that's coming up

98

00:04:35,866 --> 00:04:37,236  
or will you do something  
a little bit different?

99

00:04:37,236 --> 00:04:39,726  
>> For this man test we are  
only pumping them chamber done

100

00:04:39,806 --> 00:04:41,236  
to 6.4.

101

00:04:41,236 --> 00:04:44,556  
The test subject and crew  
members inside will remain

102

00:04:44,556 --> 00:04:51,946  
at 14.7 so this is a low hazard  
for this and the further we pump

103

00:04:51,946 --> 00:04:53,686  
down the more we go to  
vacuum the more hazardous the

104

00:04:53,686 --> 00:04:54,256  
test becomes.

105

00:04:55,156 --> 00:04:56,906

>> And what is the  
long term plan

106

00:04:56,906 --> 00:04:58,456

for this all of these testings?

107

00:04:58,456 --> 00:05:01,626

I mean how many testings will  
you be participating it in?

108

00:05:01,996 --> 00:05:03,856

>> Me personally I  
will be participating

109

00:05:03,856 --> 00:05:05,336

in almost all of them.

110

00:05:05,386 --> 00:05:09,256

There is a four year plan down  
the road for several other tests

111

00:05:09,676 --> 00:05:13,836

and other variations of the  
Z1 suit and the suit port

112

00:05:14,176 --> 00:05:15,336

with different mechanisms.

113

00:05:15,736 --> 00:05:17,856

So we're going to be testing  
different configurations

114

00:05:17,906 --> 00:05:21,646

to determine which one is  
the best one to drive forward

115

00:05:21,956 --> 00:05:24,056

to be used for the next  
generation of space suits

116

00:05:24,056 --> 00:05:24,976  
and space exploration.

117

00:05:25,746 --> 00:05:28,666  
>> So this test today  
again is an unmanned test

118

00:05:29,236 --> 00:05:31,566  
and how long will the test run.

119

00:05:31,566 --> 00:05:35,416  
>> This test will go about two  
days, we're doing four runs,

120

00:05:35,566 --> 00:05:36,866  
two runs in two days

121

00:05:37,776 --> 00:05:39,976  
which should cover all  
our unmanned requirements.

122

00:05:40,206 --> 00:05:42,316  
After that we'll be  
installing the Z1 suit

123

00:05:42,346 --> 00:05:43,946  
and then we have  
two weeks of testing

124

00:05:44,246 --> 00:05:45,936  
with five different test  
subjects after that.

125

00:05:46,296 --> 00:05:49,366  
>> How many people are  
involved in the testing?

126

00:05:49,366 --> 00:05:51,486

How many people work  
in the chamber?

127

00:05:51,966 --> 00:05:54,136

>> Well an unman test  
we don't have very many.

128

00:05:54,136 --> 00:05:56,606

We have a few engineers  
and a few technicians

129

00:05:56,966 --> 00:05:59,606

and a test director  
and requesters.

130

00:05:59,606 --> 00:06:02,086

When we go to man tests  
it's much more hazardous

131

00:06:02,086 --> 00:06:04,846

since we have somebody  
in a vacuum environment,

132

00:06:05,206 --> 00:06:08,226

so we have to add in  
medical personal on standby,

133

00:06:08,226 --> 00:06:11,026

we have to add in rescue  
techs, and we have to add

134

00:06:11,026 --> 00:06:14,256

in basically a lot more sets  
of eyes to monitor all the data

135

00:06:14,256 --> 00:06:15,916

and to monitor the  
individual in the suit.

136

00:06:16,846 --> 00:06:20,076

>> So the information  
that we've learned today,

137  
00:06:20,476 --> 00:06:22,386  
you'll use that to  
modify the suit

138  
00:06:22,476 --> 00:06:25,086  
and you're really just  
looking at the pressures

139  
00:06:25,086 --> 00:06:27,086  
and the forces on this suit?

140  
00:06:27,086 --> 00:06:28,366  
Explain a little bit  
more to me about that.

141  
00:06:28,366 --> 00:06:29,826  
>> The information  
we're gathering today

142  
00:06:29,826 --> 00:06:32,836  
and tomorrow will be used  
to basically to verify

143  
00:06:32,836 --> 00:06:35,806  
that this set up is  
acceptable to install a suit

144  
00:06:36,106 --> 00:06:37,386  
and have a person in that suit.

145  
00:06:37,806 --> 00:06:39,826  
Once we start the man testing

146  
00:06:39,826 --> 00:06:42,746  
that will tell us what  
modifications need to be made

147

00:06:42,876 --> 00:06:46,406  
to the suit the ingress  
and egress into the suit

148

00:06:46,406 --> 00:06:49,946  
and suit port, but for right  
now we're basically making sure

149

00:06:49,946 --> 00:06:52,576  
that everything is safe so that  
when we have somebody crawl

150

00:06:52,716 --> 00:06:57,386  
in they know they're safe and we  
can basically take care of them.

151

00:06:57,976 --> 00:06:59,556  
>> Well let me ask you  
something about you, Joel,

152

00:07:00,016 --> 00:07:02,096  
how long have you  
been testing director?

153

00:07:02,426 --> 00:07:04,646  
>> I've been a test director  
here for a five years.

154

00:07:04,646 --> 00:07:08,166  
I started out as an engineer  
in this building working mostly

155

00:07:08,166 --> 00:07:10,746  
on chamber A to get ready the  
James Webb Space telescope

156

00:07:11,166 --> 00:07:14,136  
and I've been doing five years  
of test directing for unmanned

157

00:07:14,136 --> 00:07:15,376  
and man tests here at NASA.

158

00:07:15,876 --> 00:07:17,466  
>> And what kind of  
degree do you have?

159

00:07:17,826 --> 00:07:19,516  
>> I have an aerospace  
engineering degree

160

00:07:19,516 --> 00:07:20,456  
from West Point.

161

00:07:20,966 --> 00:07:22,636  
And I spent six years  
in the military

162

00:07:22,636 --> 00:07:24,996  
after that before coming  
here to start working.

163

00:07:25,416 --> 00:07:26,396  
>> Thank you very much, Joel.

164

00:07:26,396 --> 00:07:26,616  
>> Thank you.

165

00:07:26,786 --> 00:07:29,846  
>> Joel Manganza and we  
are here in billing 32 back